

In the claims: The claims are as follows.

1. (Currently amended) A method ~~for use in accelerating throughput of segments from a sender (30) to a receiver (40), the sender (30) and receiver (40) each including a protocol layer (30a 40a) for sending and receiving the segments, the method including, comprising:~~

~~a step (20a) in which the sender protocol layer of a sender (30a) transmits transmitting segments at a rate of transmission and increases increasing the rate of transmission based on feedback the sender (30) receives from the a receiver (40);~~

~~the method characterized by:~~

~~a step (20b) in which the sender (30) receives receiving a message including one or more bits set to convey an indication of low congestion; and~~

~~a step (20c) in which the sender, in response to the indication of low congestion, the sender (30) increases increasing the data transmission rate so as to achieve increased throughput.~~

2. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the sender protocol layer ~~(30a)~~ is a transport layer of transmission control protocol ~~(TCP)~~ and in the step ~~(20a)~~ in which the sender protocol layer ~~(30a)~~ ~~transmits~~ transmitting segments at a rate of transmission, the sender protocol layer ~~(30a)~~ starts a congestion window ~~(cwnd)~~ at a size of a starting number ~~(iwnd)~~ of segments and initially increases the congestion window by one segment each time it receives an acknowledgement for a segment it has sent.

3. (Currently amended) The method of claim 2, further wherein in the step ~~(20c)~~ in which the sender ~~(30)~~ increases increasing the

data transmission rate, the sender performs an accelerated start in which the sender sets a slow start threshold ~~(SSTHRES)~~ to a standard initial value and re-initializes the congestion window ~~(cwnd)~~ value to a new predetermined value to achieve increased throughput, and then grows the congestion window ~~(cwnd)~~ at a predetermined rate in respect to received positive acknowledgments.

4. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the protocol layer ~~(30a)~~ is a transport layer of real time control protocol ~~(RTCP)~~ layer or other streaming or datagram protocols.

5. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the sender ~~(30)~~ and the receiver ~~(40)~~ communicate over a path that includes a radio access network ~~(RAN)~~.

6. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the sender ~~(30)~~ and the receiver ~~(40)~~ communicate over a path that includes a wireless telecommunication system and use ~~EGPRS~~ ~~(enhanced general packet radio service)~~ or GPRS-general packet radio service provided by the wireless telecommunication system.

7. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the sender ~~(30)~~ and the receiver ~~(40)~~ communicate over a path that includes a ~~UMTS~~ ~~(Universal Mobile Telecommunication System)~~ network.

8. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the sender ~~(30)~~ and the receiver ~~(40)~~ communicate over a path that includes a telecommunication network using code division multiple access ~~(CDMA)~~ technology or a variant.

9. (Currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein in ~~the step~~ ~~(20c)~~ of increasing the data transmission rate, the sender

protocol layer ~~(30a)~~ grows the congestion window at the predetermined rate of one segment for every received positive acknowledgement, but adjusts the rate based on standard congestion principles in the event of an indication of other than low congestion.

10. (Currently amended) The method of claim 3, wherein ~~the step (20e) in which~~ the sender ~~(30)~~ increases the data transmission rate ~~is performed~~ after a connection between the sender ~~(30)~~ and the receiver ~~(40)~~ is first established, and further wherein the congestion window ~~(cwnd)~~ is initially set to a higher value than is used in standard transmission control protocol ~~(TCP)~~.

11. (Currently amended) The method of claim 10, wherein the protocol layer is a transmission control protocol ~~(TCP)~~ layer and the indication of low congestion is based on the value of a bit in a header or is otherwise provided with a received TCP SYN or TCP SYN/ACK sent to the sender ~~(30)~~ by either the receiver ~~(40)~~ or by an intermediate node ~~(50)~~ along the communication path or by a centralized node ~~(60)~~ outside or along the path.

12. (Currently amended) The method of claim 3, wherein ~~the step (20e) of~~ increasing the data transmission rate is performed after transferring to a new path between the sender ~~(30)~~ and the receiver ~~(40)~~ for an existing connection, and further wherein the congestion window ~~(cwnd)~~ for the new path is initially set to the value for the congestion window ~~(cwnd)~~ when the path transfer occurred.

13. (Currently amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the protocol layer is a transmission control protocol ~~(TCP)~~ layer and the indication of low congestion is based on the value of a bit in a header or is otherwise provided with a received TCP ACK sent

to the sender ~~(30)~~ by either the receiver ~~(40)~~ or by an intermediate node ~~(50)~~ along the communication path or by a centralized node ~~(60)~~ outside or along the path.

14. (Currently amended) A telecommunication device ~~(30)~~, ~~including comprising:~~ a protocol layer ~~(30a-40a)~~ for sending and receiving segments, ~~the telecommunication device (30) also including:~~

~~means (20a) by which the protocol layer~~ for transmitting ~~(30a) transmits~~ segments at a rate of transmission and ~~increases~~ increasing the rate of transmission based on acknowledgements indicating successful receipt of the segments;

~~the telecommunication device (30) characterized by:~~

~~means (20b) by which the telecommunication device (30)~~ receives, for receiving a message including one or more bits set to convey an indication of low congestion; ~~and~~

~~means (20c) by which, and, in response to the indication of low congestion, the telecommunication device (30) increases~~ for increasing the data transmission rate so as to achieve increased throughput.

15. (Currently amended) The telecommunication device ~~(30)~~ of claim 14, wherein the ~~sender~~ protocol layer ~~(30a)~~ is a transport layer of a transmission control protocol, ~~(TCP)~~ and ~~the means (20a) by which the sender protocol layer (30a) transmits segments at a rate of transmission includes means (20a) by which the sender protocol layer (30a) starts~~ is configured to start a congestion window ~~(cwnd)~~ at a size of a starting number ~~(iwnd)~~ of segments and to initially ~~increases~~ increase the congestion window by one segment each time it receives an acknowledgement for a segment it has sent; and further wherein the ~~means (20c) by~~

~~which the sender (30) increases the data transmission rate~~
~~includes means (20e) by which the sender performs~~ protocol layer
is configured to perform an accelerated start in which the ~~sender~~
telecommunication device sets a slow start threshold (~~SSTHRES~~) to
a standard initial value and re-initializes the congestion window
(~~cwnd~~) value to a new predetermined value to achieve increased
throughput, and then grows the congestion window (~~cwnd~~) at a
predetermined rate in respect to received positive
acknowledgments.

16. (Currently amended) A telecommunication system, ~~comprising~~
comprising a plurality of intermediate nodes (~~50~~) and also a
plurality of telecommunication devices (~~30~~), wherein at least one
of the telecommunication devices (~~30~~) includes a protocol layer
(~~30a~~) for sending and receiving segments, ~~the telecommunication~~
~~device (30) including~~ wherein:

~~means (20a) by which the protocol layer (30a) is configured~~
to transmits transmit segments at a rate of transmission and
~~increases to increase~~ the rate of transmission based on
acknowledgements indicating successful receipt of the segments;
~~the telecommunication device (30) characterized by:~~

~~means (20b) by which the telecommunications device (30) is~~
configured to receive ~~receives~~ a message including one or more
bits set to convey an indication of low congestion; and

~~means (20c) by which, in response to the indication of low~~
~~congestion, the telecommunication device (30) is configured to~~
increase ~~increases~~ the data transmission rate so as to achieve
increased throughput in response to the indication of low
congestion.

17. (Currently amended) A computer program product comprising: a

computer readable storage structure embodying computer program code thereon for execution by a computer processor in a telecommunication device ~~(30)~~ having a protocol layer ~~(30a)~~ for sending and receiving segments, with said computer program code including instructions for ~~performing~~:

~~a step (20a) in which the protocol layer (30a) transmits~~
transmitting segments at a rate of transmission and ~~increases~~
increasing the rate of transmission based on acknowledgements the sender ~~(30)~~ receives from the receiver ~~(40)~~;

~~the computer program characterized by including instructions for performing:~~

~~a step (20b) in which the telecommunication device (30)~~
receives receiving a message including one or more bits set to convey an indication of low congestion; and

~~a step (20c) in which, in response to the indication of low~~
congestion, the telecommunication device ~~(30)~~ ~~increases~~
increasing the data transmission rate so as to achieve increased throughput.

18. (Currently amended) A method ~~for use by a telecommunication device (40), the telecommunication device (40) including a protocol layer (40a) for sending and receiving segments to and from another telecommunication device (30), the method~~
characterized by, comprising:

~~a step (10c) in which the telecommunication device (40)~~
performs performing a process of congestion detection for
communication with another telecommunication device; and

~~a step (10d) in which thea protocol layer (40a) transmits of~~
the telecommunication device transmitting to the other
telecommunication device a message including one or more bits set

to convey an indication of low congestion ~~to the other~~
~~telecommunication device (30).~~

19. (New) An apparatus, comprising:

means for transmitting segments at a rate of transmission and increasing the rate of transmission based on feedback from a communication device; and

means for increasing the rate of transmission so as to achieve increased throughput in response to a message including one or more bits set to convey an indication of low congestion.

20. (New) An apparatus, comprising:

a protocol layer, for transmitting segments at a rate of transmission and increasing the rate of transmission based on feedback from a communication device, and for increasing the rate of transmission so as to achieve increased throughput in response to a message including one or more bits set to convey an indication of low congestion.

21. (New) The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the protocol layer is a transport layer of a transmission control protocol, and is configured to start a congestion window at a size of a starting number of segments and to initially increase the congestion window by one segment each time it receives an acknowledgement for a segment it has sent; and further wherein the protocol layer is configured to perform an accelerated start in which the telecommunication device sets a slow start threshold to a standard initial value and re-initializes the congestion window value to a new predetermined value to achieve increased throughput, and then grows the congestion window at a predetermined rate in respect to received positive acknowledgments.